

北洋女師範學堂現定於七月二十二考試新生凡報名者務於是日早八鐘到堂聽候試驗過期再不補考幸勿自誤此啓

**立大機器麵粉公司**  
本公司發起人李雲書王一亭趙松坪唐保讓劉子謙沈縵雲蔡兼二程伯蓀袁葆生顧馨乙等十八人招集股本銀規元二十萬兩勻作一萬股在上海曹家渡購地自建廠房由外洋購米上等機器磨麥成麵販運各埠現股本將次招齊一俟房屋完工機器運到後擇吉開辦如欲知細詳章程請移玉法租界長發棧後胡同慎記米麵莊詢問各股東在津住者可將股銀交下井有人願入股者請向敝棧接洽是荷

天津慎記代理特白

**天和**  
本公司自運湖北籤捐彩票南洋彩票籌賑彩票安徽鐵路勸股票兼收紅票常獲大彩交易信實久蒙仕商賜顧茲運到雲南宣威府真正地道火腿發售本公司親自揀選超等之貨訂價從廉以期永遠兼辦兩湖甯州祁門頭春烏龍白毫上上紅茶裝璜精緻極合送禮之用如諸尊光顧請認明紫竹林法租界長發棧西第六十號門牌庶不致誤

**新開廣德祥中外金銀首飾號**  
啓者本號專售中外金銀首飾珍珠寶石鑽石等件本總行開設在上海虹口百老匯路第一千二百八十五號至八十六號門牌各日德祥歷有餘年久蒙仕商賜顧今特設分號在津海大道小白樓背機器磨坊前開市 貴客光顧價目格外克己童叟無欺 本號主人謹識

**中東印局**  
本局向在日本開辦多年所有一切印刷工藝無不熟悉近由日本運到機器來津添選精良工藝兼備上等材料專做一切鉛印石印物件無論字格大小花樣粗細保管顏色鮮明形式完美價值格外從廉定貨日期亦不致誤並售石印機器零件俱全各種洋紙外傳法不要分文所辦各件開列於後  
法傳授除各種器價外傳法不要分文所辦各件開列於後  
學堂教科書暨解脫略銀印銀號股票各件開列於後  
奧地繪圖人體解剖略銀印銀號股票各件開列於後  
玩書商牌及貼壁各單各種印花及名片照相金卡紙各種花樣雕刻各樣照相銅版各種印花及名片照相金卡紙各種可也  
中東石印局啓

**聲明告白**  
啓者鐵橋大胡同天寶源彩票號今由聯合堂頂受訂期七月二十五日交易倘有欠到各處揭借會滙賬貨等款及担保轉轉來歷不清晰早日向該號標貼清理收取一經交易後概與聯合堂無涉先此聲明以免後論  
光緒三十二年七月 聯合堂謹白

**告白**  
僕爲李玉春誣控羈留數月之久後蒙局憲訊明其冤始得釋放現在資本已罄無力重開祇得將傢俱貨物一概出兌茲訂期於二十五日與聯合堂交易凡有欠到各處票項貨項請速來理楚又各處所欠之項請速交來爲禱僕現奔母喪不能在津久候定期七月底回粵特此告白 鐵橋大胡同天寶源主人何星橋啓

**泰辦南洋彩票頭彩肆萬元本月十四日開彩**

兼有南洋副票頭彩一萬元每張售洋兩元二角分條洋二角五分廣東彩票頭彩一萬五千元本月十六日開彩湖北大彩票頭彩五萬元本月二十六日開彩安徽路股彩票頭彩三萬元其票照湖北對號單核對如得彩者當兌現洋倘未得之票可湊集念條更換路股票一張息摺一扣而買票諸君大有裨益有志發財者速購是幸

**售世界第一眞正爾藤醫員秘製亞支奶尅煙丸藥每匣大洋一元不折不扣**

天津大獅子胡同公益仁南味坊謹白  
分設 南號日本租界天仙對過 北號東北城角馬路口便是  
電話二百四十九號



# 本報要目

○丙午七月二十日第三十二號  
論說▲恭讀七月十三日 上諭宣示急行立憲之預備書其後  
專件▲雲南留學河內學生上練兵處稟西文論說▲南洋華人吸煙之害  
要聞▲日人延不交還營口△俄人干預兵權△日本將擴充上海航業△請派員查勘吉林至公主嶺鐵路△改關道為稅司之條陳△馬賊襲劫汽車  
各省新聞▲振興學務△送教南昌教案第一批恤款  
各國新聞▲南滿洲鐵路招股章程△俄人添築鐵路  
要聞▲綏遠城將軍張蔭桓奏東偏蝗蝻暨籌維善後情形摺△豫撫張奏紳士捐助學堂經費案請獎片

## 論說

恭讀七月十三日 上諭宣示急行立憲之預備書其後 (續) (師鄭稿)

且今日釐定法律。又有二要素存焉。一曰承認。二曰依。據。學說。古今中外之立法家。未有不承認慣習者。況我國儒家言。素崇信自然法。王制所謂川谷異制。器械異宜。修其教不易其俗。即謂創制之人。當沿慣習。以爲法律也。歐戰文明各國。亦有慣習法。英人尤尊用之。施之吾國。最爲適宜。若夫探學說以爲法律。尤足助長法律之進步。羅馬法之內容。所含學理最富。故爲世界宗主。兩漢儒者。每引經義折獄。旋成爲判決例。以供。職官比附之需。今日定法之要。首在原本。經義。次則取材。異邦。務使信而有徵。簡而無漏。如是則全國人民。靡不知法律之必。要。而殷殷研究。矣。且使人民。不知法律。縱令內外。官制。斟酌。盡。善。而文明。各國。吾恐。岌岌。之。岌。岌。與。治。今者幸逢。聖明在上。燭照幾先。特降。明詔。以改革官制。與釐定法律。爲。預備立憲之基礎。此誠千載一時之嘉會。不佞區區之意。則謂。在上者之經營。布置。自以改革官制。爲要圖。而屬在編氓。林林。總總。則咸當以習法律。爲目的。晨夕孜孜。研究。考索。須知繼。此以往。凡國民所應得之權利。應盡之義務。均以法律爲之保。證。故通國之利害。禍福。靡不寄生命於數百條成文法律。之。中。毫釐千里之差。辨之不可不早。析之不可不嚴。苟其發憤。爲。雄。勇。猛。進。新。合。乎。立。憲。國。人。民。之。程。度。斷。不。可。聽。在。上。者。之。自。爲。而。安。於。不。識。不。知。效。擊。壤。堯。衢。之。野。也。伏。讀。諭。旨。云。籌備財用。經畫政務。無不公之黎庶。又云使紳民明悉國政。又。云視進步之遲速。定期限之遠近。又令疆臣曉諭士庶。發憤爲。學。以。豫。備。立。憲。國。民。之。資。格。九。重。之。上。視。民。如。傷。於。君。民。一。體。取。決。公。論。之。義。再。三。言。之。聖。主。之。期。望。於。吾。民。者。不。爲。不。

## 專件

雲南留學河內學生上練兵處稟

敬稟者前留日學生上書歷陳滇軍腐敗及比較滇越邊防情。形想邀鈞鑒。茲不贅敘。竊維法人謀滇盡人而知之。矣。亦盡人。而。言。之。矣。然。未。親。見。身。歷。知。之。而。未。必。真。言。之。而。或。不。信。生。等。留。學。越。南。親。彼。族。之。陰。謀。實。情。演。之。不。振。久。擬。演。陳。一。切。以。爲。留。日。學。生。所。上。書。倘。蒙。俯。允。咨。照。雲。貴。總。督。嚴。修。武。備。速。練。新。軍。則。法。人。雖。有。亡。滇。之。心。而。吾。滇。斷。無。自。亡。之。理。乃。滇。督。丁。帥。比。月。來。仍。是。武。備。不。修。新。軍。不。練。邊。防。不。理。一。任。法。人。著。進。步。事。事。求。此。生。等。所。大。惑。也。而。中。外。各。報。又。載。法。國。外。部。照。會。云。法。國。對。於。雲。南。政。策。僅。爲。發。展。中。法。兩。國。通。商。起。見。而。圖。將。滇。越。鐵。道。從。速。竣。工。而。已。望。貴。國。勿。爲。謠。言。所。惑。云。云。此。又。生。等。所。大。惑。也。因。於。是。暇。之餘。潛。赴。滇。越。邊。界。查。究。實。情。詎。知。兩。國。防。軍。比。例。匪。惟。如。留。日。學。生。所。言。且。有。爲。彼。所。未。能。道。者。而。滇。督。之。無。所。事。事。殆。深。受。法。人。勿。爲。謠。言。所。惑。之。言。所。籠。絡。耳。生。等。呼。天。無。路。竊。地。無。門。將。欲。續。稟。滇。督。勢。必。忠。言。逆。耳。將。欲。坐。安。誠。默。則。目。親。觀。嘗。之。事。又。萬。難。隱。忍。不。言。午。夜。焦。思。憂。迫。情。急。惟。於。王。爺。大。人。前。陳。之。夫。滇。越。邊。界。要。衝。日。河。口。南。望。日。龍。山。法。人。於。此。設。有。無。數。砲。壘。掘。空。其。嶺。建。暗。地。營。復。於。斜。岸。間。添。設。明。營。營。制。紅。河。一。帶。每。日。整。軍。經。武。操。演。不。輟。一。旦。有。事。不。必。兵。也。一。敵。而。我。之。防。營。去。矣。至。我。兵。汛。房。猶。不。及。乞。兒。屋。有。事。之。時。不。必。槍。也。一。炬。化。爲。灰。燼。矣。尤。可。怪。者。河。口。督。辦。黃。河。源。不。諳。外。交。諸。事。聽。憑。法。員。且。不。曉。語。文。而。又。不。用。繙。譯。彼。所。帶。數。百。防。勇。僅。三。十。餘。名。實。兵。非。殘。廢。老。弱。即。光。棍。匪。目。日。則。吸。煙。賭。博。夜。則。四。出。搶。劫。近。復。倚。外。人。勢。力。淫。掠。婦。女。拘。禁。鄉。民。其。聲。稱。遵。守。營。規。者。亦。不。過。日。代。法。人。作。工。晚。歸。營。棚。歇。息。而。已。似。此。邊。防。而。猶。謂。足。與。敵。人。抵。禦。者。其。誰。欺。乎。其。誰。欺。乎。此。河。口。防。務。實。情。也。

自河口岸至省凡鐵路經過要隘盡爲法人所佔或三里或五里必建一碉樓及堅固營壘或暗地營其碉樓方面可望十里數里或數十里布置週密已成連營之勢自表面觀彼藉口於居住工人其實居住工人何必堅固房屋何必碉樓何必地營況彼所用鐵路工頭皆帶兵武官一旦時勢可乘不必顯云侵佔也化工兵兵聯絡到省不費一槍一砲而雲南亡矣且彼屢運軍火進界滇中大吏毫不顧問如前法人在阿白地方失去所運洋槍七枝經地方官爲伊尋獲皆人所共見者也計河口口岸至省我有防兵十四營每營二百五十人實數不及其半其內容腐敗與駐防邊界者如出一轍無論不知行新操也即舊有之



TSIN PAO.  
津 報

Saturday, Sept. 8th 1906.

### Opium-smoking Among Straits-Born Chinese

(南洋華人吸煙之害)

(CONTINUED FROM THURSDAY'S ISSUE.)

Nor is the picture less terrible or the look out more hopeful when you come to study the question as it affects male members of the community. There was a time not so very many years ago, when opium-smokers included only Chinese who had come from China, and the words China-born Chinese and Straits-born Chinese were in the majority of instances synonymous with smokers and non-smokers respectively. Unhappily a wider knowledge of and abstention from certain vices have not gone hand in hand with the spread of western education and a western

standard of living; with the result that the beginning of the twentieth century has witnessed a marked increase in opium-smoking, in the unemployed, and in serious crimes amongst Straits Chinese throughout the Colony. The reasons are not far to seek.

The opportunities offered for acquiring the opium habit are innumerable, but I will mention only two, namely the Clubs and the brothels. It is generally recognised that there exist too many Clubs both in Penang and Singapore and that the effect of a considerable number of these upon their members is more harmful than beneficial.

One of the most conspicuous articles of furniture in a resort of this nature is the opium-couch, made sometimes of lacquered wood and sometimes of marble with accommodation for two persons, the central position being occupied by the tray with its contents, e.g. lamp, pipe, brush, etc.; most of which are often delicate works of art. It is amidst these surroundings that too many of our able-bodied, young men receive their first experience of the joys of the pipe and later on find so much

difficulty in escaping from it. With one notable exception in Penang and perhaps two in Singapore all our Chinese clubs possess these paraphernalia for the indulgence of opium within their premises.

Another sanctum where our youths first learn to taste the dreams upon which De Quincey lays so much stress is the brothel, and here the hapless inmates serve as pipe-companions in addition to their other duties.

For the coolie classes and those not well off enough to join Clubs or indulge in the luxury at home, there are opium dens known to the public and licensed by Government under the name of "opium houses." It is no exaggeration to say that in certain quarters of the towns and villages throughout the Colony and the Malay States the darkest, filthiest, and most unsanitary buildings are these opium houses, and why they have for so long been tolerated is a puzzle even to those who know next to nothing of hygienic principles. The love of the opium smoker for a dark and close corner shut off from every possible ray of natural light is

proverbial, and the accumulation of dust, expectoration and stagnant air for years at a stretch has helped to make opium dens an important source of the distribution of tuberculosis, which is yearly spreading and now claim more deaths than any other disease in Malay. Besides, the reckless handling and very rare cleaning of the pipes has contributed not a little to the infection of smokers with the germs of syphilis and leprosy, two diseases which though seldom derived in this way, are more dreadful than consumption.

Lastly, the indiscriminate sale of opium at so many places to anyone who applies for it without regard to character, age or sex, has its sinister effects in that it is often used for committing suicide. It would be interesting to know how many attempts at suicide with opium are made and how many deaths result therefrom in one year without the knowledge of those immediately concerned. If some control were exercised by those responsible, these cases would not reach such a large number.—  
Nan Fung Pao.

(To be Continued.)

營制尚未實行此河口至省軍事實情也  
計法人由越進兵其路有十然多崎嶇小道有兵一棚守而不退彼即難通其大路爲河口爲清水河(此由越南河陽省進兵大路)爲龍勝(此地與越接壤在紅河方面)爲南溪(在南溪河下)演習於此數處俱未派有重兵滇中亦無重兵可派如鐵路未成法以一軍攻龍勝一軍攻南溪則河口不戰自敗鐵路既成法以少數之兵虛張聲勢使我移兵防守暗以大兵利用鐵路直搗省城則鐵路成而雲南亡鐵路不成而雲南亦亡此法人進兵路線實情也

噫法人之謀我也如此雲南之軍事也又如彼我王爺大人果不以生等親見實事爲謠言乎請即管親之見條陳於左  
一新軍之不得不速派也請派精兵之說前留法學生陳錄上書已詳言其故矣數月來未蒙允行者謂邊地無關輕重則雲南一亡川黔粵桂必不能保川黔粵桂一亡則內地諸省亦不能守滇之禍亦全國禍也謂滇勢難危精兵萬難撥派則雲南今日情形與東三省無異較之江蘇則危甚諸省已派有北洋兵雲南亦國家土地也救之不及兵將焉用故曰新軍不得不速派  
(未完)







**日本言文課本**  
戰術學、水雷學等之類以詳說敵船之一舉兩得之良書不可不讀也全一冊洋六角五分  
 東亞普通讀本 二元  
 東語真傳 五角  
 日本文

**日本教育學** 七角  
**東語初階** 六角  
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**萬國形勢指掌全圖** 五角  
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**大清國最新圖**

**萬國地圖** 五角  
**萬國海陸全圖** 五角

**學儀器** 甲 一百八種二百九十元 乙 八十九種百九十九元 丙 六十五種百一十一元  
內容主要儀器 物理秤九元 余抽氣筒十九元 余水筒二十七元 余根光試驗器三十二元 迴轉器六元 余顯微鏡之理器二元 望遠鏡之理器三元 震動板四元 余皮應電圈六元 余電機四元 余余度電機六元

**儀器** 甲 一百八種二百九十元 乙 八十九種百九十九元 丙 六十五種百一十一元  
內容主要儀器 物理秤九元 余抽氣筒十九元 余水筒二十七元 余根光試驗器三十二元 迴轉器六元 余顯微鏡之理器二元 望遠鏡之理器三元 震動板四元 余皮應電圈六元 余電機四元 余余度電機六元

**藥品** 甲 一百四十六種五十五元 乙 七十種二十八元 丙 零四種  
**地學數畫學音樂器** 甲 十九種百三十九元 乙 十八種百六十六元 丙 十種  
內容主要儀器 地球儀四元 三球儀六元 動物標本 丙八十種三十八元 植物標本 丙四十種七元 礦物標本 丙二十五種七元 人體模型 丙 二十三元 顯微鏡 丙 三十五倍九元 毘虫採集器四元 余臘葉器四元

**博物標本模形及材料** 甲 二百八十二元 乙 一百九十九元 丙 一百四十九元  
內容主要動物標本 丙八十種三十八元 植物標本 丙四十種七元 礦物標本 丙二十五種七元 人體模型 丙 二十三元 顯微鏡 丙 三十五倍九元 毘虫採集器四元 余臘葉器四元

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